## Extra Practice for Chapter 8.4

1. Solving the following equations. Show restrictions and final answer in a box.
a) $\log _{2}(x-2)+\log _{2}(x-1)=2$
b) $\log _{3}(2 x+5)-\log _{3}(x+2)=\log _{3} 4$
2. Solving the following equations:
a) $3^{(x-1)}=9(27)^{(2-x)}$
b) $2^{(x-3)}=3(5)^{(2-x)}$

## Applications

3. A scientist started with a culture of 20 bacteria in a dish. He noticed that after 80 hours, there were 1800 bacteria. What is the doubling time of this bacteria?
4. At the beginning of the year, you deposit $\$ 1000$ into a bank account, with an annual interest rate of 5\%. Assume no other deposits or withdrawals are made and the interest rate stays constant.
a) what will be the value of the account after 5 years if interest is compounded annually?
b) how long will it be when his money doubles in value?
5. When people take a particular medicine, the drug is metabolised and eliminated at a certain rate. Suppose the initial amount of a drug in the body is 200 mg and is eliminated at a rate of $30 \%$ per hour. How long will it take to reach 10 mg ?
6. Certain bacteria, given favourable growth conditions, grow continuously at a rate of $4.6 \%$ a day. Find the bacterial population after thirty-six hours, if the initial population was 250 bacteria.
7. A penicillin solution has a half-life of 6 days. How long will it take for the concentration to drop to $70 \%$ of the initial concentration?
8. What is the magnitude of the earthquake in City A if the earthquake in City B has a magnitude of 5.7 on the Richter scale and is 4500 times as intense?
9. What is the pH of a tomato if it is 15000 times more acidic than hand soap with a pH of 9.5 ?
10. It is said that the eardrum can rupture at a decibel level that is 100,000,000 times as intense as the normal sound level of a vacuum at 70Db on the Decibel scale (that would be like listening to a jet at take-off). At what Db value on the scale can the eardrum rupture?
